

## SAFETY DATA SHEET 1,1-Difluoroethane (R 152a)

 Issue Date:
 16.01.2013

 Last revised date:
 20.06.2017

Version: 1.0

SDS No.: 000010021757 1/14

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name:	1,1-Difluoroethane (R 152a)
Trade name:	R152a
Other Name:	HFC 152a
Additional identification Chemical name:	1,1-Difluoroethane
Chemical formula: INDEX No. CAS-No. EC No. REACH Registration No.	C2H4F2 - 75-37-6 200-866-1 01-2119474440-43

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses:	Industrial and professional. Perform risk assessment prior to use.
	Glass processing. Refrigerant. Using gas alone or in mixtures for the
	calibration of analysis equipment. Formulation of mixtures with gas in
	pressure receptacles.
Uses advised against	Consumer use.

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	
Linde Gas	G

Linde Gas GmbH Carl-von-Linde-Platz 1 A-4651 Stadl-Paura Telephone: +43 50 4273

E-mail: office@at.linde-gas.com

**1.4 Emergency telephone number:** Emergency number Linde: + 43 50 4273 (during business hours), Poisoning Information Center: +43 1 406 43 43

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended.

#### **Physical Hazards**

Flammable gas	Category 1	H220: Extremely flammable gas.
Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas	H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.



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### 2.2 Label Elements



Signal Words:	Danger
Hazard Statement(s):	H220: Extremely flammable gas. H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Precautionary Statements	
Prevention:	P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Response:	P377: Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. P381: Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Storage:	P403: Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal:	None.
Supplemental label informa	ation EIGA-0783: Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases
2.3 Other hazards:	Contact with evaporating liquid may cause frostbite or freezing of skin.
SECTION 3: Composition/information	on on ingredients
3.1 Substances	
Chemical name INDEX No.:	1,1-Difluoroethane

INDEX No.:	-
CAS-No.:	75-37-6
EC No.:	200-866-1
<b>REACH Registration No.:</b>	01-2119474440-43
Purity:	100% The purity of the substance in this section is used for classification only, and does not represent the actual purity of the substance as supplied, for which other documentation should be consulted.
Trade name:	R152a



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SECTION 4: First aid	l measures		
General:		In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.	
4.1 Description of fi	irst aid measures		
Inhalation:		In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Sy mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware to uncontaminated area wearing self contained br warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial resp	of asphyxiation. Remove victim eathing apparatus. Keep victim
Eye contact:		Rinse the eye with water immediately. Remove co to do. Continue rinsing. Flush thoroughly with wat immediate medical assistance. If medical assistanc flush an additional 15 minutes.	er for at least 15 minutes. Get
Skin Contact:		Contact with evaporating liquid may cause frostbit frostbite spray with water for at least 15 minutes. medical attention.	
Ingestion:		Ingestion is not considered a potential route of ex	posure.
4.2 Most important effects, both ac delayed:		Respiratory arrest. Contact with liquefied gas can errapid evaporative cooling.	cause damage (frostbite) due to
4.3 Indication of an	y immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed	
Hazards:		Respiratory arrest. Contact with liquefied gas can a rapid evaporative cooling.	cause damage (frostbite) due to
Treatment:		Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not remedical advice/attention.	ub affected area. Get immediate
SECTION 5: Firefigh	ting measures		
General Fire Ha	zards:	Heat may cause the containers to explode.	
5.1 Extinguishing m Suitable exting		Water Spray or Fog. Dry powder. Foam.	
Unsuitable exti media:	nguishing	Carbon Dioxide.	
5.2 Special hazards substance or mi		Fire or excessive heat may produce hazardous dec	composition products.



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Hazardous Comb	oustion Products:	<b>Products:</b> If involved in a fire the following toxic and/or corrosive fumes may be produced by thermal decomposition: Carbonyl difluoride ; Carbon monoxide ; Hydrogen fluoride	
5.3 Advice for firef	ighters		
Special fire figl procedures:	hting	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not expossibility of uncontrolled explosive reignition exprotected position until container stays cool. Use fire. Isolate the source of the fire or let it burn out.	ists. Continue water spray from extinguishants to contain the
Special protect for fire-fighter		Firefighters must use standard protective equipme coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boot Guideline: EN 469 Protective clothing for firefighter for protective clothing for firefighting. EN 15090 F Protective gloves for firefighters. EN 443 Helmets other structures. EN 137 Respiratory protective de circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with fu- testing, marking.	ers, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. ers. Performance requirements footwear for firefighters. EN 659 for fire fighting in buildings and evices - Self-contained open-

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:	Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Consider the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres . Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Monitor the concentration of the released product. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask - Requirements, testing, marking.
6.2 Environmental Precautions:	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:	Provide adequate ventilation. Eliminate sources of ignition.
6.4 Reference to other sections:	Refer to sections 8 and 13.



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#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage:

7.1 Precautions for safe handling: Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Purge system with dry inert gas (e.g. helium or nitrogen) before gas is introduced and when system is placed out of service. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Containers, which contain or have contained flammable or explosive substances, must not be inerted with liquid carbon dioxide. Assess the risk of a potentially explosive atmosphere and the need for suitable equipment i.e. explosion-proof. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges). Provide electrical earthing of equipment and electrical equipment usable in explosive atmospheres. Use only non-sparking tools. Refer to supplier's handling instructions. The substance must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Ensure the complete system has been (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the container contents. When moving containers, even for short distances, use appropriate equipment eg. trolley, hand truck, fork truck etc. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Provide adequate ventilation. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Avoid suckback of water, acid and alkalis. Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place. Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminates particularly oil and water. If user experiences any difficulty operating container valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to transfer gases from one container to another. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, All electrical equipment in the storage areas should be compatible with the risk of a potentially explosive atmosphere. Segregate from oxidant gases and other including any incompatibilities: oxidants being stored. Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general conditions and leakage. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep away from combustible material.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

None.



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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control Parameters

### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

None of the components have assigned exposure limits.

#### **DNEL-Values**

Critical component	type	Value	Remarks
1,1-Difluoroethane	Worker - inhalative, long-	2713	-
	term - systemic	mg/m3	

#### **PNEC-Values**

Critical component	type	Value	Remarks
1,1-Difluoroethane	Aquatic (intermit. releases)	0,48 mg/l	-
	Aquatic (marine water)	0,0048	-
		mg/l	
	Aquatic (freshwater)	0,048 mg/l	-
	Sediment (freshwater)	0,19 mg/kg	-
	marine sediment	0,019	-
		mg/kg dry	
		weight	
	soil	0,141	-
		mg/kg dry	
		weight	

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Consider a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Keep concentrations well below lower explosion limits. Gas detectors should be used when quantities of flammable gases or vapours may be released. Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Product to be handled in a closed system. Only use permanent leak tight installations (e.g. welded pipes). Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information: A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered. Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product.



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Eye/face protection:		Safety eyewear, goggles or face-shield to EN166 should be used to avoid exposure to liquid splashes. Wear eye protection to EN 166 when using gases. Guideline: EN 166 Personal Eye Protection.		
Skin protection Hand Protection:		Wear working gloves while handling containers Guideline: EN 388 Protective gloves against mechanical risks.		
Body protection:		Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Guideline: ISO/TR 2801:2007 Clothing for protection against heat and flame General recommendations for selection, care and use of protective clothing.		
Other:		Wear safety shoes while handling containers Guideline: ISO 20345 Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.		
<b>Respiratory Protection</b> :		Not required.		
Thermal hazards:		No precautionary measures are necessary.		
Hygiene measures:		Specific risk management measures are not required beyond good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product.		
Environmental exposure controls:		For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.		

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state:	Gas
Form:	Liquefied gas
Color:	Colorless Colorless
Odor:	Odorless Odorless
Odor Threshold:	Odor threshold is subjective and is inadequate to warn of over exposure.
pH:	not applicable.
Melting Point:	-117 °C
Boiling Point:	-25 °C
Sublimation Point:	not applicable.
Critical Temp. (°C):	113,0 °C
Flash Point:	Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.
Evaporation Rate:	Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.
Flammability (solid, gas):	Flammable Gas
Flammability Limit - Upper (%): SDS_AT - 000010021757	20,2 %(V)



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Flammability Limit - Lower (%):		4 %(V)	
Vapor pressure	e:	514.624 Pa (25 °C) QSAR, Key study	
Vapor density	(air=1):	2,3 AIR=1	
Relative densi	ity:	0,91 (21 °C )	
Solubility(ies)			
Solubility in	Water:	3.200 mg/l (21 °C)	
Partition coeff	ficient (n-octanol/water):	0,75	
Autoignition Temperature:		440 °C Experimental result, Key study	
Decomposition Temperature:		Not known.	
Viscosity			
Kinematic viscosity:		No data available.	
Dynamic viscosity:		0,263 mPa.s (50 °F)	
Explosive properties:		Not applicable.	
Oxidizing properties:		not applicable.	
9.2 Other information:		Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accu spaces, particularly at or below ground	
Molecular weight:		66,1 g/mol (C2H4F2)	

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## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity:	No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-section below.	
10.2 Chemical Stability:	Stable under normal conditions.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Can form a potentially explosive atmosphere in air. May react violently with oxidants.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.	
10.5 Incompatible Materials:	Air and oxidizers. For material compatibility see latest version of ISO-11114.	
10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	



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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information:	None.				
11.1 Information on toxicological effe	11.1 Information on toxicological effects				
Acute toxicity - Oral Product	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Acute toxicity - Dermal Product	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Acute toxicity - Inhalation Product	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
1,1-Difluoroethane	LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): > 437500 ppm Remarks: Gas Experimental result, Key study				
<b>Repeated dose toxicity</b> 1,1-Difluoroethane	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 104 Weeks): 2,5 %(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study				
Skin Corrosion/Irritation Product	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritati Product	ion Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Respiratory or Skin Sensitizatior Product	n Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Germ Cell Mutagenicity Product	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Carcinogenicity Product	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Reproductive toxicity Product	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - S Product	Single Exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - I Product	Repeated Exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				



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zard	Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures		
jical informatio	n		
	No ecological damage caused by this product.		
<b>- Fish</b> oethane	LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 295,783 mg/I (QSAR) Remarks: QSAR QSAR, Key study LC 50 (Fish, 96 h): 296 mg/I		
- Aquatic Inverte oethane	brates LC 50 (Daphnid, 48 h): 269,8 mg/l (QSAR) Rer EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 14		
nd Degradability	Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures		
ve potential	The subject product is expected to biodegrade and is not expected to persist for long periods in an aquatic environment.		
I	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.		
and vPvB	Not classified as PBT or vPvB.		
effects:			
ng Potential	Global warming potential: 124 Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases Wher contribute to the greenhouse effect. For GWF refer to container label.		
oethane	EU. F-Gases Subject to Emission Limits/Report 517/2014/EU on FGGs - Global warming potential: 124 Annex 1: Fluo in Point 1 of Article 2; Section 1:Hydrofluoroca	prinated greenhouse gases referred to	
	20.06.2017 rard jical information - Fish oethane - Aquatic Inverte oethane ad Degradability ve potential and vPvB effects: ng Potential	16.01.2013       Version: 1.0         20.06.2017       Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures         gical information       Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures         jical information       No ecological damage caused by this product         - Fish oethane       LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 295,783 mg/l (QSAR) R LC 50 (Fish, 96 h): 296 mg/l         - Aquatic Invertebrates oethane       LC 50 (Daphnid, 48 h): 269,8 mg/l (QSAR) Rei EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 14         nd Degradability       Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures         ve potential       The subject product is expected to biodegrade long periods in an aquatic environment.         ii       Because of its high volatility, the product is ur pollution.         and vPvB       Not classified as PBT or vPvB.         effects:       Global warming potential: 124 Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases Whe contribute to the greenhouse effect. For GWI refer to container label.         oethane       EU. F-Gases Subject to Emission Limits/Repor 517/2014/EU on EGS - Global warming potential: 124 Annex 1: Fluo	



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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

General information:	Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Consult supplier for specific recommendations. Do not discharge into areas where there is a risk of forming an explosive mixture with air. Waste gas should be flared through a suitable burner with flash back arrestor.
Disposal methods:	Refer to the EIGA code of practice (Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at http://www.eiga.org) for more guidance on suitable disposal methods. Dispose of container via supplier only. Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.
<u>European Waste Codes</u> Container:	14 06 01*: chlorofluorocarbons, HCFC, HFC

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### ADR

14.1 UN Number: 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name:	UN 1030 1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es) Class: Label(s): Hazard No. (ADR): Tunnel restriction code:	2 2.1 23 (B/D)
14.4 Packing Group: 14.5 Environmental hazards: 14.6 Special precautions for user:	not applicable
RID	

14.1 UN Number:	UN 1030
14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name	1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	2
Label(s):	2.1
14.4 Packing Group:	-
14.5 Environmental hazards:	not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user:	-



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IMDG			
14.1 UN Numb	per:	UN 1030	
14.2 UN Prope	er Shipping Name:	1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE	
14.3 Transport	t Hazard Class(es)		
Class:		2.1	
Label(s):		2.1	
EmS No.:		F-D, S-U	
14.3 Packing (	Group:	-	
	nental hazards:	not applicable	
14.6 Special precautions for user:			
ΙΑΤΑ			
14.1 UN Number:		UN 1030	
14.2 Proper Shipping Name:		Refrigerant gas R 152a	
-	t Hazard Class(es):	0 0	
Class:		2.1	
Label(s):		2.1	
14.4 Packing Group:		-	

14.4 Packing Group:-14.5 Environmental hazards:not applicable14.6 Special precautions for user:-Other information-Passenger and cargo aircraft:Forbidden.Cargo aircraft only:Forbidden.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code: not applicable

Additional identification: Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers ensure that they are firmly secured. Ensure that the container valve is closed and not leaking. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Ensure adequate air ventilation.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

#### **National Regulations**

Council Directive 89/391/EEC on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work Directive 89/686/EEC on personal protective equipment Directive 94/9/EC on equipment and protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres (ATEX) Only products



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		that comply with the food regulations (EC) No. 1333/2008 and (EU) No. 231/2012 and are labelled as such may be used as food additives. This Safety Data Sheet has been produced to comply with Regulation (EU) 2015/830.			
15.2 Chemical safet	y assessment:	CSA has been	carried out.		
SECTION 16: Other	information				
<b>Revision Informatio</b>	n:	Not relevant.			
Revision Information: Key literature references and sources for data:		but are not ex Agency for Tox (http://www European Cher European Cher http://apps.e European Indu guide. International F ISO 10156:201 oxidizing abilit Matheson Gas National Instit Number 69. The ESIS (Euro former Europe The European United States TOXNET (http:/ Threshold Limi Industrial Hygi Substance spe	bus sources of data have been used in the compilation of this SDS, they include are not exclusive to: ncy for Toxic Substances and Diseases Registry (ATSDR) b://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/). pean Chemical Agency: Guidance on the Compilation of Safety Data Sheets. pean Chemical Agency: Information on Registered Substances ://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/registered-sub.aspx#search pean Industrial Gases Association (EIGA) Doc. 169 Classification and Labelling le. rnational Programme on Chemical Safety (http://www.inchem.org/) 10156:2010 Gases and gas mixtures - Determination of fire potential and izing ability for the selection of cylinder valve outlets. heson Gas Data Book, 7th Edition. onal Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST) Standard Reference Database		
Wording of the H-st	atements in sec	<b>ction 2 and 3</b> H220 H280	Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure	; may explode if heated.	
Training information	n:	Users of breathing apparatus must be trained. Ensure operators understand the flammability hazard.		ed. Ensure operators understand the	
Classification accore	ding to Regulati		2/2008 as amended.		
		Flam. Gas 1, H Press. Gas Liq.			



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Other information:		Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Ensure equipment is adequately earthed. Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.	
Last revised date: Disclaimer:		20.06.2017 This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.	